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No. 112.

45 West Market Place

BANGOR.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1837.

NEW YORK.

Our friends yesterday thought we went too far when we said that the full returns from New York would show a WHIG GAIN OF FIFTY THOUSAND VOTES. But the next mail not only confirms our statement but tells us that the facts would have justified us in going much farther.

By the returns as far as received at New York on Saturday evening, there was no doubt that the WHIG MAJORITY in the state was more than FORTY THOUSAND. Thus showing a WHIG GAIN of nearly

Seventy Thousand Votes.

OF THE ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY EIGHT members of the Assembly, there is but little doubt that the Whigs have elected ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN OR ALL BUT FIVE WHIG GAIN in the House of Assembly ONE HUNDRED AND FOUR

NEW YORK, Nov 11 3 o'clock
To the Editor of the Whig and Courier

The Whigs of New York go ahead of the Down Easters. There is scarcely anything of Van Burenism left. The Whigs already elected, and only Van Buren men, none of the strong holds of the Whigs are in yet, either. It is not certain that they will have 20 members and of the eight Senators to be elected, it is almost certain that the Whigs have carried them all. All the Locos here from Maine, claim to be Whigs now. I have even heard that some have declared that they voted for the Whig ticket.

"She has stolen my story," said a beggar girl in a tone of mingled grief and anger, pointing to another tattered urchin a few rods off in reply to a gentleman who asked her why she was weeping so bitterly. The Whigs have stolen our story, says the Eastern Republican of this week. That paper has been completely in the fog ever since the election, as to the cause of the defeat of "the party," now assigning one reason and now another, as different hands gained possession of the editorial pen. This week, since the news of the New York election has reached town, it has made the important discovery that the Whigs have been "preaching democracy," and have "bolted on to democratic ground," and that "the party have 'bolted' off it." Why, "bless your innocence," neighbor, the Whigs have always preached the same doctrine, always preached sound democracy, and occupy now the ground they have always occupied. Their misfortune till now has been, the want of the only argument that can be felt by politicians like you, the argument of numbers. That persuasive eloquence which a majority only can use. How wonderfully conclusive the argument is with a certain order of minds, which are never able to decide that any principle is democratic, till they see upon it the seal and sign manual of the "democracy of numbers." As the Republican has found out that the doctrine we preach and the ground we occupy, are democratic, we have a right to expect that that paper, which boasts so much of democracy, will at once take the same ground, and advocate the same principles.

MOST AMUSING.

The Loco Foco paper in Massachusetts the day before and the morning of the election, declare the news from New York to be a federal lie "got up to influence the election." "The Empire State," say they, "is still firm for the Administration. Huzza for New York."

Winter is upon us again. Snow fell to the depth of 8 or 10 inches on Tuesday night, and the sleigh bells are merrily ringing in our streets. Many "fears," frightened by the snow storm, dropped down river on Tuesday evening, without waiting for full cargoes.

"The Young Waver," by Dr. Alcott, author of divers other works of the same sort.

With the respects of the Publishers in this city, Doren & Thatcher, we received the above work a day or two since. We have not read it, and probably never shall; but from the reputation which the author has acquired as a moral writer, we do not doubt that it is an excellent thing in its way, and worthy of all commendation.

City Affairs. In Common Council, Nov 13. Petition of Allen Haines, and others, requesting the City to lay out a sidewalk on Court Street, as far as the corner of Streets and Highways.

Petition of R. S. Prescott, requesting some alterations to the Chimney in the Recorder's Office, referred to the Committee on City Paving, with instructions to report.

Order, requesting Mayor and Alderman to lay out a sidewalk on Court Street, as far as the corner of Streets and Highways. Read and passed.

Order, relating to laying out and grading Water and Coleridge Streets. Read and passed.

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One of the Loco Foco prints in New York gives a list of the members elected to the Assembly, and says, "the Administration members are marked thus." We looked carefully over the list, but could not find a single star.

Amusing extracts from the Van Buren prints.

"Huzza for the Whigs in Black." Shrouded in the habiliments of woe, and with a black flag floating at our mast head, kindly loaned for us by a midnight loco foco, we proceed, as in duty bound, to furnish our readers with the result of the conflict, from which we have just emerged, bruised, battered, and beaten.

We are down, and there is no help for us. The predictions we have so often laid before our friends have been disregarded, and now they seem to be fearfully true. The triumphant touch of the loco focos against which we have warned them, has worked out its poisonous results, and a festering sore, the product of an unhallowed embrace with the destructive, has rankled, until the whole has become diseased unto death. But away with lamentations. We must learn wisdom by experience, and profit by the lesson before us.

The reports of the election in New York are not as favorable to the Democratic party as could be desired by its friends.

An adverse political tempest seems to have swept the state. As yet we have not heard of a single county in which the democratic ticket has succeeded, and we include among them some of the oldest and firmest strong holds of the democracy. We shift not at this moment to support the cause. It is sufficient now to give results.

The federalists have at length obtained a victory worth rejoicing for. They have carried the city of New York, and not only the city, but, in all probability, the State also, and a majority in the popular branch of the Legislature. So far as the federal cause is concerned, they exhibit a result very different from that anticipated by either party.

New York has gone against the administration. The federalists have carried the city, by two or three thousand majority. The following is from a paper in the interior.

"THE RESULT. A tornado has passed over the State. The federal Whigs have probably carried a decided majority of the next Assembly."

There are reports of minorities for the Whigs every where, and one would think from the complexion of things, that he was in a Whig world.

UNPARALLELED DISTRESS. An unhappy member of the Legislature, on hearing of the result of the election, (being the only Tory returned) exclaimed in the agony of his feelings, "Alas! what shall I do? I am alone!"

WISCONSIN GOING AHEAD. A new State at last. The temporary capital for the territorial Legislature of Wisconsin is just completed at Burlington, according to the Advertiser of that place. It is said to be a commodious building.

Among other evidences of the rapid advances of civilization in the extreme northwest it is mentioned that there is a fine steam ferry boat plying across the Mississippi. Emigrants are passing in by the thousands. The editor adds the following, which in truth almost appears ridiculous.

Daily, and almost hourly, our ferry boats at different points on the river, bring us whole families of enterprising citizens anxious to take up their abode on the west side of the Big Pond, and immediately opposite our town at the ferry landings, we have nightly encampments of emigrants ready to cross.

We think we speak within limits when we say that the Black Hawk Purchase at this day, contains a population of 25,000 more than that of the whole territory a year since. We are neither prophets nor sons of prophets, but from the extraordinary influx of population within the last year, we hazard the prediction that were it possible for Wisconsin to be admitted into the Union as now organized, she would be found to contain a sufficient number of inhabitants. The Legislature, we take it for granted, will at their coming session, make provision for the taking of the census next spring, and we are willing to let these predictions be tested by the result.

War on the Frontier of Missouri. We learn by a gentleman direct from the upper Missouri country, some further particulars in relation to the apprehended difficulties with the Osage Indians who are settled on a tract of land which adjoins our western state line, and lately have moved upon the line. They are represented to be in a very destitute and starving condition, and on several occasions, have killed the cows and hogs of the settlers to assuage their hunger. It is alleged that they have crossed the line. From these allegations, orders have been issued to drive them from the state line, and our informant says that Wednesday last, the troops under the command of Major General Lucas and Brigadier General Almond, from Jackson and Sabine counties, were, to set out for the section where the Indians are encamped. It was the purpose of Gen. Lucas to induce the Indians to remove peacefully if he could, but forcibly if necessary.

The Party that rises when the country sinks and sinks when the country rises. And which is that party? The Whigs. So say our opponents, little thinking what this concession amounts to as much as to say the Jackson party answers tolerable well for fair weather navigators, but when there is a storm and breakers ahead the crew look out for able pilots, and it is in this manner that the Whigs rise as the country sinks. (Haverhill Gazette)

It is said that General Jackson is rapidly declining in health. His constitution received a violent shock on the day of the Treasury notes. "By the way," said the old Chief, "does Van Buren call this walking in my foot steps?"

DOMESTIC TRADE. Some idea of the value and importance of the domestic trade of the United States, may be inferred from the fact that there arrived at Boston on Sunday, three bargues, twenty seven brigs, and sixty-four schooners, mostly from southern ports, carrying upwards of 30,000 barrels of flour, besides large quantities of grain, coal and other valuable merchandise.

Mr. Van Buren is the first President of the U. S. who has been ever abandoned by his own State, and he has been abandoned by New York during the first year of his administration. Can we wait any farther proof that something is rotten in the State of Denmark?

NEW YORK STAR thus writes of the infamous Bennett. We fear that "the ban of public opinion" must rest upon the Herald, through the stern operations of the Courts of Criminal Justice, before it shall become the "interest of its Editor to make his paper decent, useful and instructive."

The Herald. This paper is becoming soiled that it is disgraceful to see it in respectable houses. We care nothing for the silly vanity of the Editor, his estimate of his own consequence, and his depreciation of the merit of others, his harmless falsehoods, whether in relation to his own success, or the want of success of his contemporaries. We are free to confess that the Press should be unshackled, public opinion and the majesty of the laws will interpose proper barriers, but decency and good morals are essentially necessary to the columns of a journal which falls into the hands of old and young, indiscriminately. Mr. Bennett, the Editor of the Herald, was several years in my employment as an assistant Editor. He was then industrious, modest and unobtrusive, with commendable habits, nothing remarkable in the way of talents or genius, yet always faithful, scrupulous, a useful but not a very valuable auxiliary. I cannot now recognize the man by the disgraced character of the journal he publishes. No person friend or foe, escapes his vituperation, he meddles with every man's business, his insatiable curiosity, drags before the public the business, and the credit of the merchant and the banker is an enemy to the prosperity of the city - plunges into the reformation of families - the daily cause of anxiety, pain of mind, and distress to innocent and offending persons, degrades the laws, throws the ministers of justice, slanders the innocent and reviles religion. This is not all. His paper is a veritable mine of immorality and danger, is filled with low stories, tales of assignation, houses of prostitution, runaway matches, it is disgraceful for any lady to have it in her possession, and parents, above all things, should not allow it to come into the hands of their children. In its religious opinions and tenets, it is a contemptible tool, the prophets and the impostors. What can be more blasphemous than to call Moses the Prophet, the legislator, the poet, the man who commanded with God himself face to face, a man revered by all denominations, a "tribe of Sodomites." Equally profane are the allusions of the Herald to the pious David, the illustrious Solomon, and in short to all who are revered in sacred writ. But it may be asked how is this nuisance to be abated? Simply by not purchasing the paper. It is respectable persons that buy the Herald, what is called the poorer classes never throw away two cents for it. Let respectable persons then resolve not to purchase it any longer, let it be considered disgraceful to have the Herald in your house, purchase no more that takes it, and no person who takes it, and thus the ban of public opinion rest upon it, until it is the interest of the Editor to make his paper decent, useful and instructive. Influence it has grown into a nuisance, and the public must support it. We make these remarks unwillingly, from a sense of public duty, and with no kind feelings towards the Editor, who stands, we think on the brink of ruin, for if his slanders should bring him again within the pale of the law, and in the power of the ministers of justice, nothing can save him from the walls and the penalties of the Penitentiary.

Bank Credit. What is Bank Credit? Mercantile understand it well enough, but its practical utility may not be fully comprehended by all classes of working men. We will make it familiarly understood by a practical application of its benefits. A young mechanic, a builder, if you please, is out of his time, he is sober, industrious, and capable, he has friends but no money. We want a house built on a vacant lot, for which we contract with the architect to pay him 3000 dollars in three years when the second story is finished, and the balance when he hands us the key, and the house is found to be completed according to contract. Now, how is this mechanic to begin work? He has no money, but he has character and friends, he must have money to buy stone for the foundation, pay his laborers and purchase other materials, or he must relinquish the job. On the faith of this contract, he draws up a note for \$500 at 60 days, which a friend in good repute endorses for him, and the Bank gives him the money for it. With this money he purchases stone, brick and other materials, and commences the contract. Before his note falls due, the Bank the first tier of beams is up, and we pay \$1000, he takes up his note, and has a capital of \$300 left. This may be the foundation of his fortune, and so it is with every branch of mechanics requiring means to purchase materials. Carry this out further, suppose a mechanic borrows \$1000 at a bank, with an understanding to repay 10 per cent every 60 days, so that a capital is furnished him to commence with. In every point of view in which the Bank Credit system is regarded, it must be deemed the foundation of our prosperity. A young nation, with means yet undeveloped, must get on by credit, the same as a young mechanic who has capital in character, industry and capacity, but no money.

We can add to the above remarks from the New York Star, another idea. An active young man, who has no capital, wishes to establish himself in a useful and profitable business. He has talent but no money. One of his friends, who is retired in advanced life, rich in real estate, which is dead, inactive capital, except to give him rent. He is willing to assist the young man, but he is also without money now, the only way to put his real estate capital into action is to pledge it, for the business debts of the enterprising man. Under some laws he can do this individually, and issue notes for circulation, which are not based on specie, but on property, and they are good and safe. Under our laws he must associate with others and act under a bank charter, and is required to have some specie on hand, while he is liable to the supervision of the government, who look to keep him safe. All that is absolutely required is that their property should be sufficient, and that they should have specie enough to commence with. This process creates no capital, but it puts a man's farm, house, stores and ships, all into the hands of men, who need the property as the means of business, and the dead capital, which is of full value, comes into active circulation. This is banking, which our government rails so loudly against.

STATES OF WASHINGTON. Yesterday, in presence of a crowd of gentlemen, without any ceremony on the part of the Exchange and Banking Company, the splendid statue, presented by John Hagin, Esq., to the company, was elevated in the lobby of the Exchange Hotel, by Mr. Gallier, the architect of the building, in a safe and most expeditious manner.

This statue of the "Father of his Country," is the work of Carlo Richi, of Carrara, of the marble of which place it is made. It represents him seated in Roman armor and the legs, supported by his left hand on a sphinx, on which he is proposed to be inscribed his forewell address, which his right hand is raised in graceful benediction; his sword lies at his feet. On either side of the pedestal are wreaths of oak and laurels and in the front, the arms of Louisiana.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS. The October number of the "Democratic Review," published at Washington, contains the following sketch of that extraordinary man John Quincy Adams. "Our attention is now attracted to a ray of light," located in the left of the House, in the neighborhood of the Speaker's Chair. It proceeds from that wonderful man who in his person combines the agitator, poet, philosopher, statesman, critic, and orator John Quincy Adams. There he sits, hour after hour, day after day, with unflinching patience, never absent from his seat, never voting for an adjournment, vigilant as the most jealous member of the House, his eye ever on the alert, always prepared to give notice on the most important question of state, or the minutest point of order. We look at him and mark his cold and terrible eye, his stern and abstracted gaze, and conjure up phantasms of other men. We look upon a more than King, who has filled every department of honor in his native land, still at his post, he who was the President of Millions, now the representative of forty odd thousand, quarrelling about trifles or advocating high principles; to day growing and sneering at the House with an abolition petition in his trembling hand, and anon landing at over the prison and fasting the members into the wildest state of enthusiasm by his indignant and emphatic eloquence. Alone, unspoken to, unconsulted with others, he sits apart, wrapped in his reveries or probably he is writing, his almost perpetual employment. His words are uttered, but yet he never leaves his seat, but ever ready for the combat, defiantly, but with a witty thing fall from any member, and that old man's face is wreathed in smiles. He appears passive, but woe to the unfortunate member that hazards an arrow at him. The eagle is not swifter in its flight, than Mr. Adams. With his agitated finger quivering in sarcastic declamation, he seizes upon his foe, and amid the applause of the House, rarely fails to take a signal vengeance. His stores of knowledge on every subject, garnered up through the course of his extraordinary life, in the well arranged storehouse of a memory which is and never has permitted a single tale to escape him, gives him a great advantage over all competitors in the waters of this kind. He is a wonderful eccentric genius. He belongs to no party, nor does any party belong to him. He is too cold a nature to be long a party leader. He is originally, of very peculiar ideas and perfectly fearless and independent in expressing and maintaining them. His manner of speaking is peculiar, he rises abruptly, his face reddens, and in a moment throwing himself into the attitude of a gladiator, he prepares for the attack. He becomes full of gesticulation, his body awakes to action, he seems to lose his head, he is bent forward in his earnestness, till, sometimes, his forehead strikes the desk. His voice frequently breaks, but he pursues his subject through all its bearings, nothing daunts him. His use may ring with cries of order, order! unmoved - contemptuous - he stands amid the tempest, and like an oak that knows its power and knotted strength, stretches his arm forth and defies the blast.

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One negro woman on the place not murdered, says at a late hour of the night she was wakened from her sleep by a noise that she ran out and beheld her master and mistress lying on the porch, murdered, and some one with a torch in the hand forcing a negro man into the house, as was thought to show the money the same man was afterwards murdered and thrown on the fire. The woman, afraid to stir, lay motionless until morning when the neighbors assembled to behold the awful sight. No evidence has yet been discovered that would give the slightest clue to the murderer. From the \$500 property being left, some suspicion rests on the negroes, but the public eye is rather turning to a certain individual well known in that neighborhood. The hand of justice will overtake him.

MARRIED. In Penobscot Mr. Isaac H. Harriman of Orono, to Miss Sarah T. Poy, Nathaniel Perkins, of Brooksville to Marian H. Mills. In Bangor, N. Y., Miss Bridget Egan Attorney at Law of Orono, to Miss Alice H. Williams.

DIED. In Boston, suddenly, of apoplexy, THOMAS G. FERRISS, Editor of the N. E. Farmer, and author of the "Terrible Tractoration," &c. A worthy man, and a most useful citizen.

In Haddam, Connecticut, Dea Ezra Brammer, aged 83. One hundred and sixty persons have descended from him, and among the mourners at his funeral, were his first born son, aged 74, a grandson aged forty, a great grand son, aged 30, and two great grand daughters. For forty two years he was a member of the Legislature. Forty years ago he saw the evil of using spirituous liquors, and adopted the principle of total abstinence.

At Buckland, Samuel Taylor, Esquire, aged ninety three. He had one hundred and thirty descendants, 98 of whom are supposed to be living.

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One negro woman on the place not murdered, says at a late hour of the night she was wakened from her sleep by a noise that she ran out and beheld her master and mistress lying on the porch, murdered, and some one with a torch in the hand forcing a negro man into the house, as was thought to show the money the same man was afterwards murdered and thrown on the fire. The woman, afraid to stir, lay motionless until morning when the neighbors assembled to behold the awful sight. No evidence has yet been discovered that would give the slightest clue to the murderer. From the \$500 property being left, some suspicion rests on the negroes, but the public eye is rather turning to a certain individual well known in that neighborhood. The hand of justice will overtake him.

MARRIED. In Penobscot Mr. Isaac H. Harriman of Orono, to Miss Sarah T. Poy, Nathaniel Perkins, of Brooksville to Marian H. Mills. In Bangor, N. Y., Miss Bridget Egan Attorney at Law of Orono, to Miss Alice H. Williams.

DIED. In Boston, suddenly, of apoplexy, THOMAS G. FERRISS, Editor of the N. E. Farmer, and author of the "Terrible Tractoration," &c. A worthy man, and a most useful citizen.

In Haddam, Connecticut, Dea Ezra Brammer, aged 83. One hundred and sixty persons have descended from him, and among the mourners at his funeral, were his first born son, aged 74, a grandson aged forty, a great grand son, aged 30, and two great grand daughters. For forty two years he was a member of the Legislature. Forty years ago he saw the evil of using spirituous liquors, and adopted the principle of total abstinence.

At Buckland, Samuel Taylor, Esquire, aged ninety three. He had one hundred and thirty descendants, 98 of whom are supposed to be living.

STATES OF WASHINGTON. Yesterday, in presence of a crowd of gentlemen, without any ceremony on the part of the Exchange and Banking Company, the splendid statue, presented by John Hagin, Esq., to the company, was elevated in the lobby of the Exchange Hotel, by Mr. Gallier, the architect of the building, in a safe and most expeditious manner.

This statue of the "Father of his Country," is the work of Carlo Richi, of Carrara, of the marble of which place it is made. It represents him seated in Roman armor and the legs, supported by his left hand on a sphinx, on which he is proposed to be inscribed his forewell address, which his right hand is raised in graceful benediction; his sword lies at his feet. On either side of the pedestal are wreaths of oak and laurels and in the front, the arms of Louisiana.

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EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO.

For full particulars see Circulars.
The splendid steamer **PORTLAND**, Capt. S. H. Howe, will leave Bangor for Portland, Me., on Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, touching at Hallowell, Gardiner, Bucksport, Belfast, Camden, and Orono Head, and will leave Portland for Bangor on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The favorite steamer **Bangor**, 400 tons, Capt. S. H. Howe, will run between Bangor and Boston once a week (quill business service) as follows, viz: Will leave Bangor for Portland and Boston every Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock, touching at Hallowell, Gardiner, Bucksport, Belfast, Camden, and Orono Head, and will leave Portland for Bangor on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

Returning, will leave Boston for Portland and Bangor every Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock, (taking passengers and freight for the Kennebec river, and connected with the Steam Boat McDonough, Capt. Brown, which leaves Portland every Saturday morning at 8 o'clock,) and will leave Portland for Bangor every Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, touching at the intermediate places above named.

The Steamer **McDonough**, 300 tons, Capt. A. Brown, will leave Bangor for Portland on Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 9 o'clock, touching at Gardiner and Bath, and will leave Portland for Bangor on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 7 o'clock, touching at the intermediate places above named.

Returning, will leave Portland for Bangor on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 7 o'clock, touching at the intermediate places above named.

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D. F. MCGOWEN, DEP. MGR.

All business entrusted to his care will be promptly and promptly executed.

MEMOIRS OF THE LIFE OF SIR WALTER SCOTT, Bart., by J. G. Lockhart.
Selections from the Court Reports originally published in the Boston Morning Post, from 1834 to 1837, arranged and revised by the reporter of the Post. Just rec'd and for sale by E. F. DUREN.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.
The proprietors of the Franklin House Corporation, having thoroughly repaired and fitted up the House known under the above name, and furnished it with new beds and new furniture throughout, and appointed the Subscriber to take charge of it, he respectfully informs his friends and the public that the House is now open for the reception of company, and will be particularly devoted to the accommodation of strangers; and he pledges himself to the public that no pains shall be spared to render the Franklin House a pleasant and quiet resort to strangers visiting the city. The House will be conducted on strict Temperance principles.

BOOK OF GEMS. by S. C. Hall, a most splendid octavo Annual.
The Ladies Wreath, a selection from the female poets of England and America, with original notices and notes prepared especially for young ladies. By Mrs. S. J. Hale.

Home, or the Iron Rule. By Sarah Stickney. The Young Man's Friend. By A. B. Mussey. Three Experiments in Living. Living within the Means. Living up to the Means. Living beyond the Means.

Christian Retirement, or Spiritual Exercises of the Heart. By the author of Christian Experience as displayed in the life and writings of St. Paul. Letters to Young Ladies. By Mrs. Sigourney, new edition.

The Young Disciple, or a Memoir of Ausoneth R. Peters. By Rev. John A. Clark. Further Disclosures of Maria Monk concerning the Hotel Dieu Nunnery, Montreal. Also her visit to Nant's Island, &c.

Recreations of a Merchant, or the Christian Sketch Book. By Wm. A. Brewster. Just rec'd by DUREN & THATCHER.

NEW GOODS.
JUST rec'd by last steamer, one bale Russia Diaper; one case fine Dover Prints, new style patterns; some small fig'd for children. One case small fig'd (new style) and other fancy Straw Bonnets. On hand an assortment of Parasols, various prices, at 54 Main street.

YEOMAN HOUSE.
No 24 Ann Street, head of Merchants' Row, Boston. The subscriber having bought out Mr. Levi Mower of the above house, has now opened the same for the reception of company.

This house is located in the most central and business part of the city, is handsomely fitted up for the accommodation of gentlemen, who can be furnished with rooms and board, or board without rooms, on the most reasonable terms.

Gentlemen visiting the city on business, are respectfully invited to call.
The bar will be furnished with choice liquors of all kinds.

The subscriber will render every exertion and attention to render the House worthy the patronage of his friends and the public of whom he solicits a share.

STRONG BEER.
100 BBL'S M. & C. Co's Best Stock Beer, just received, for sale by GRANT & FLINT.

CURRENT PERIODICALS.
FOSTER'S reprint of the four Quarterly, embracing the Edinburgh, London Quarterly, Foreign Quarterly, and Westminster Reviews. \$8.
"An organs of sound criticism, as repositories of literary reference and scientific information, these Reviews continue unrivalled, and are sought after and read, not only in Great Britain, but in every court and nation on the European Continent. They are acknowledged to be the most interesting of all European Periodical works." [Boston Gazette.]

Blackwood's Magazine, edited by Prof. Wilson. Monthly. \$5.
"Blackwood is one of the oldest, and decidedly the strongest and ablest Magazine in the world; its character is too well known to be reckoned any where below the first and highest standard of Periodical Literature." [N. Y. State Gazette.]

The Metropolitan Magazine, edited by Capt. May. Monthly. \$5.
"The Metropolitan need not acknowledge an inferiority, within its peculiar field of enterprise, to any monthly in Europe or America." [L. I. Star.]

Waldie's Select Circulating Library. Weekly. \$5.
Furnishing the best of the current publications of the day, judiciously selected, and printed in excellent style.

American Monthly Magazine. \$5.
Knickerbocker, or New York Monthly Magazine. \$5.
Annals of Education. Monthly. \$3.
North American Review. Quarterly. \$5.
American Quarterly Review. \$5.
Littell's Museum of Foreign Literature. Monthly. \$6.
Christian Examiner. (Unitarian.) \$4.
Naval Magazine. \$3.
New York Quarterly Magazine. \$3.
American Jurist and Law Magazine. Quarterly. \$5.
Law Library, comprising reprints of the most valuable new English Works. Monthly. \$10.
American Journal of Medical Science. Quarterly. \$5.
Johnson's Medical-Chirurgical Review. Quarterly. \$5.
Select Medical Library and Eclectic Journal of Medicine, edited by Dr. John Bell. Monthly. \$10.
Boston Medical and Surgical Journal. Weekly. \$3.
Mechanics Magazine. Monthly. \$3.
Journal of the Franklin Institute. Monthly. \$5.
Silliman's Journal of Science and Art. Quarterly. \$6.
Lady's Book, with engravings of Fashions, &c. Monthly. \$3.
Family Magazine of Useful Knowledge. Embellished with several hundred engravings. This is the cheapest Periodical in the world; its circulation is now upwards of 20,000. Monthly. \$1.50.
Parley's Magazine for Children. Monthly. \$1.
New York Mirror. Weekly. \$5.
Philadelphia Saturday Courier. Weekly. \$2.
Philadelphia Saturday News. Weekly. \$2.
Philadelphia Mirror. Weekly. \$3.
New York Ation. Weekly. \$5.
Plover, edited by Wm. Leggett. Weekly. \$5.
Foster's Cabinet Miscellany. Weekly. \$5.
[For Subscriptions received in any of the above works by GRANT & FLINT, No 14 West Market Place.]

MOLASSES.
60 HHDS. superior Molasses, received per schr. Laverette, this day landing. Apply to CHARLES COOPER, No 14 West Market Place.

JOHN C. LATHAM, TAILOR AND DRAPER.
No 54 Main Street, Bangor.

W. H. MORTON, & CO.

By last Boat.
1 pair superior black silk Velvet.
1 pair checked Camb. Muslin.
1 white Satin.
1 box ladies sup. kid Gloves, light colors.
Blue, black, sewing silk and oval button coat buttons.

On hand a large assortment of superior Broad Cloths, Colors Blue, Black, Green, Brown, Mulberry and Dahlia. Also, Buckskins, Casimeres, and Vestings.
The above goods together with a general assortment of dry goods, will be sold low, for Cash. Aug. 22.

NEW BOOKS.
MELLEN'S Book of the United States, exhibiting its Geography, Divisions, Constitution and Government, &c. &c., with numerous Engravings.
Sparks' American Biography, vol. 8, containing lives of Jonathan Edwards and David Harnard. Jameson's Characteristics of Women; Moral, Political and Historical; illustrated by a series of her own vignette etchings, a new edition.
Young Lady Abroad, an affectionate advice on the social and moral habits of females, by Hannah Moore.

The Wife at Home, or practical hints to young females on the duties of a wife and a mother and a mistress of a family, by Mrs. Taylor, of Otagar. Just rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

THE subscribers hereby give notice that William D. Hallow has assigned his estate, real and personal, notes and accounts, according to the statute in such cases required, to us in trust, for the benefit of such creditors as may become parties thereto within three months. One copy of said assignment may be seen by calling on Joseph R. Newell, at the Boston Agricultural Warehouse, and the other at Smith & Fenno's Bookstore in this city.

JOSEPH R. NEWELL, GEO. R. SMITH.
Bangor, August 15, 1837.

NOTICE.
THE partnership existing under the firm of DUREN & THATCHER will expire on the 30th day of Sept. inst. The business will be settled by either of the parties, or the old stand. Those persons having unsettled accounts with us, will please call and adjust them. All demands against the firm will be settled on demand.

Mr. Thatcher would express his gratitude to friends and patrons for their favors, and asks a continuance of the same to Mr. DUREN, who will continue the business of the store.

E. F. DUREN, GEO. A. THATCHER.
Bangor, Sept. 1, 1837.

The subscriber will continue the business of Book selling in all its branches, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon the firm of Duren & Thatcher.

FRESH GOODS.
JUST received at E. MOUTON'S Wholesale and Retail Establishment, No 5 Smith's Block, 1000 lbs Butter, 1500 lb of Cheese; 2500 lb of Bacon; 15 bbls Clear Pork; 5 bbls Molasses; 10 casks Malaga Raisins; boxes of best brand Lard; 20 boxes Fresh Oranges; 20 do Lemons.

E. M. will continue to receive Fruit every week during the season. In addition to the above articles, E. M. keeps on hand as usual a general assortment of English, Domestic and Hard Ware Merchandise, and a variety of other articles, consisting in part of Imperial Old Hyson, Young Hyson and Souchong Teas; Loaf, Crushed, H. W. and H. B. Sugars, Old Java and St. Domingo Coffee, Chicory, Cocoa, Almonds, Shelled and hard-shelled do; English and American Walnuts, with a variety of other kinds of Nuts, boxes Cavendish and kegs fig Tobacco, principle Cigars, with a variety of other brands, Currants, Mace and Spices of all kinds. Choice Wines, both cask and bottled, and a variety of other Liquors perfectly pure as imported. All of the above articles will be sold very cheap for cash. Country Undertakers and Merchants will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. Bank bills that were current before the general suspension of specie payment will be received for the above articles as usual at par.

Bangor, May 16, 1837.

CLERK'S GUIDE.
THE Clerk's Guide, or Commercial Correspondence, comprising Letters on Business, Form of Bills, Invoices, Account Sales, &c. with advice to young Tradesmen and Shopkeepers, by B. F. Foster. Rec'd by SMITH & FENNO.

FRESH SOUCHONG TEA.
WE have just received 54 chests and boxes Souchong Tea, which we will sell at Boston prices, freight added. GRANT & FLINT, No 7 Main street.

DENTAL SURGERY.
REMOVAL.
H. JEWETT, M. D., Surgeon Dentist, has removed to No 43 West Market Place, opposite the Kenduskeag Bank.

REMOVAL.
H. & A. NOYES have removed to No 94 corner of Water and Main St., where they will be ready as usual to attend to all orders in their line of business.

THE NEW YORK MIRROR.
A new volume of this valuable and popular periodical, commences on the first of next July. It is understood that Capt. May's has been engaged as contributor, which will render it additionally valuable.

Subscriptions rec'd by SMITH & FENNO, 17 West Market Place.

REMOVAL.
CHAS. C. GAGE, Tailor and Draper, has removed from No 8 Smith's Block to Hudson & Greenough's Block on Hammond street. On hand a prime assortment of Broadcloths, Buckskins, Casimeres, &c. &c. which will be made to order and warranted to fit and at reduced prices.

April 24.

W. H. MORTON, & CO.

By last Boat.
1 pair superior black silk Velvet.
1 pair checked Camb. Muslin.
1 white Satin.
1 box ladies sup. kid Gloves, light colors.
Blue, black, sewing silk and oval button coat buttons.

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WE have just received 54 chests and boxes Souchong Tea, which we will sell at Boston prices, freight added. GRANT & FLINT, No 7 Main street.

DENTAL SURGERY.
REMOVAL.
H. JEWETT, M. D., Surgeon Dentist, has removed to No 43 West Market Place, opposite the Kenduskeag Bank.

REMOVAL.
H. & A. NOYES have removed to No 94 corner of Water and Main St., where they will be ready as usual to attend to all orders in their line of business.

THE NEW YORK MIRROR.
A new volume of this valuable and popular periodical, commences on the first of next July. It is understood that Capt. May's has been engaged as contributor, which will render it additionally valuable.

Subscriptions rec'd by SMITH & FENNO, 17 West Market Place.

REMOVAL.
CHAS. C. GAGE, Tailor and Draper, has removed from No 8 Smith's Block to Hudson & Greenough's Block on Hammond street. On hand a prime assortment of Broadcloths, Buckskins, Casimeres, &c. &c. which will be made to order and warranted to fit and at reduced prices.

April 24.

W. H. MORTON, & CO.

By last Boat.
1 pair superior black silk Velvet.
1 pair checked Camb. Muslin.
1 white Satin.
1 box ladies sup. kid Gloves, light colors.
Blue, black, sewing silk and oval button coat buttons.

On hand a large assortment of superior Broad Cloths, Colors Blue, Black, Green, Brown, Mulberry and Dahlia. Also, Buckskins, Casimeres, and Vestings.
The above goods together with a general assortment of dry goods, will be sold low, for Cash. Aug. 22.

NEW BOOKS.
MELLEN'S Book of the United States, exhibiting its Geography, Divisions, Constitution and Government, &c. &c., with numerous Engravings.
Sparks' American Biography, vol. 8, containing lives of Jonathan Edwards and David Harnard. Jameson's Characteristics of Women; Moral, Political and Historical; illustrated by a series of her own vignette etchings, a new edition.
Young Lady Abroad, an affectionate advice on the social and moral habits of females, by Hannah Moore.

The Wife at Home, or practical hints to young females on the duties of a wife and a mother and a mistress of a family, by Mrs. Taylor, of Otagar. Just rec'd by E. F. DUREN.

THE subscribers hereby give notice that William D. Hallow has assigned his estate, real and personal, notes and accounts, according to the statute in such cases required, to us in trust, for the benefit of such creditors as may become parties thereto within three months. One copy of said assignment may be seen by calling on Joseph R. Newell, at the Boston Agricultural Warehouse, and the other at Smith & Fenno's Bookstore in this city.

JOSEPH R. NEWELL, GEO. R. SMITH.
Bangor, August 15, 1837.

NOTICE.
THE partnership existing under the firm of DUREN & THATCHER will expire on the 30th day of Sept. inst. The business will be settled by either of the parties, or the old stand. Those persons having unsettled accounts with us, will please call and adjust them. All demands against the firm will be settled on demand.

Mr. Thatcher would express his gratitude to friends and patrons for their favors, and asks a continuance of the same to Mr. DUREN, who will continue the business of the store.

E. F. DUREN, GEO. A. THATCHER.
Bangor, Sept. 1, 1837.

The subscriber will continue the business of Book selling in all its branches, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon the firm of Duren & Thatcher.

FRESH GOODS.
JUST received at E. MOUTON'S Wholesale and Retail Establishment, No 5 Smith's Block, 1000 lbs Butter, 1500 lb of Cheese; 2500 lb of Bacon; 15 bbls Clear Pork; 5 bbls Molasses; 10 casks Malaga Raisins; boxes of best brand Lard; 20 boxes Fresh Oranges; 20 do Lemons.

E. M. will continue to receive Fruit every week during the season. In addition to the above articles, E. M. keeps on hand as usual a general assortment of English, Domestic and Hard Ware Merchandise, and a variety of other articles, consisting in part of Imperial Old Hyson, Young Hyson and Souchong Teas; Loaf, Crushed, H. W. and H. B. Sugars, Old Java and St. Domingo Coffee, Chicory, Cocoa, Almonds, Shelled and hard-shelled do; English and American Walnuts, with a variety of other kinds of Nuts, boxes Cavendish and kegs fig Tobacco, principle Cigars, with a variety of other brands, Currants, Mace and Spices of all kinds. Choice Wines, both cask and bottled, and a variety of other Liquors perfectly pure as imported. All of the above articles will be sold very cheap for cash. Country Undertakers and Merchants will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B. Bank bills that were current before the general suspension of specie payment will be received for the above articles as usual at par.

Bangor, May 16, 1837.

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April 24.